

植物生长调节剂对大豆根系氮代谢相关指标的影响

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摘 要:在植物生长调节剂拌种的情况下,探明了不同植物生长调节剂对大豆根系氮代谢的影响。结果表明:DTA-6和 DTA-6 + GA3 提高了大豆的根系活力和硝酸还原酶的活性,增加了硝态氮的含量。DTA-6、GA3 和 DTA-6 + GA3 均提高了可溶性蛋白的含量,增强了蛋白水解酶的活性。GA3 增加了根系内游离氨基酸积累量和输出量,降低了硝态氮的含量和硝酸还原酶的活性。综合分析表明,应用化学调控手段可以改善大豆根系内同化物代谢水平,促进根系的正常生长发育。

关键词:植物生长调节剂;大豆;根系;氮代谢

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Effects of Plant Growth Regulators (PGRs) on Nitrogen Metabolism Related Indicators in Soybean Roots

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Abstract:The aim of this experiment was to ascertain the effects of different plant growth regulators(PGRs) on the nitrogen metabolism of soybean root with dressing different PGRs on seed. The treatments of DTA-6 and DTA-6 + GA3 increased the activity of root and nitrate reductase, and increased the content of nitrate. DTA-6, GA3, and DTA-6 + GA3 increased soluble protein content and proteolytic enzyme activity. GA3 improved the accumulation and output of free amino acids(FAA), while reduced thenitrate content and nitrate reductase activity. Results indicate that chemical control could improve the assimilation of soybean root metabolism and promote the normal growth and development of soybean root.

Key words:Plant growth regulator; Soybean; Root; Nitrogen metabolism

根系对大豆的生长发育、产量形成及植株体的生命活动有着重要的作用^[1-2]。与其他非豆科作物不同,大豆根系不但具有吸收功能,还具有固氮作用,可以将空气中的 N₂ 还原为 NH₃,然后在根瘤细胞浆中,转化成便于运输和同化的有机物质。

氮素是蛋白质的重要成分,也是核酸、核蛋白、叶绿素、次生代谢产物、许多酶和植物激素的组成部分^[3]。氮的供应量与干物质的积累有着密切的关系,只有植株组织保持较高的氮水平,才能保证高的干物质积累,为最终大豆籽粒高产打下基础^[4]。大豆根系氮代谢活动直接或间接的参与和影响植物体和生长发育,因此提高大豆根系氮代谢,对于提高大豆产量品质,减少肥料施用量具有重要意义。

近年来,植物生长调节剂作为有效的作物生育调控技术应用进展迅速。研究表明,SHK-6 等植物

生长调节剂不仅可以调控大豆的生育和产量^[5],还可以有效的调控根系氮代谢,提高根系的结瘤数和固氮活性^[6];叶面施用 SHK-6 可以改善大豆根系的生理功能,缓解干旱胁迫对大豆产量的影响。此外,在大豆叶面喷施胺羧酯·甲哌可溶性粉剂还可以提高根系氧化还原能力,促进根系分泌伤流液的能力,增加根系伤流中氨基酸、硝态氮、铵态氮以及无机离子的含量^[7]。然而赤霉素(GA3)对根系氮代谢调控作用国内外一直备受争议,研究表明,赤霉素^[8-9]对茎叶的生长有促进作用,但其对根的生长影响极微,较早日本学者研究得出赤霉素对植物根的生长有抑制作用,但适量浓度能够破种子休眠,促进种子萌发提高出苗率的作用得到广泛认可。DTA-6 在多种作物上得到广泛应用,可促进大豆碳水化合物代谢和物质积累,显著提高产量,改善作物品质^[10-11],并能

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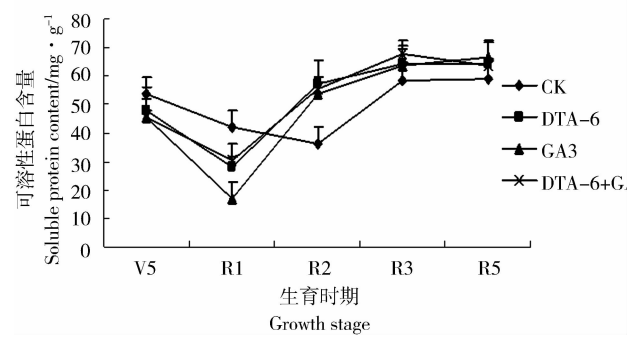
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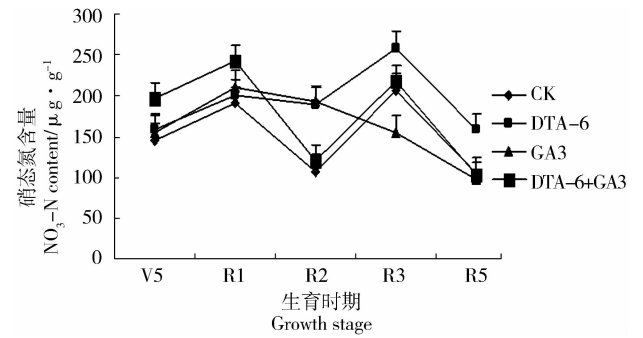
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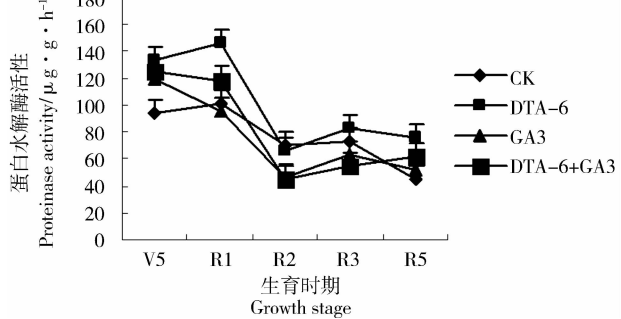
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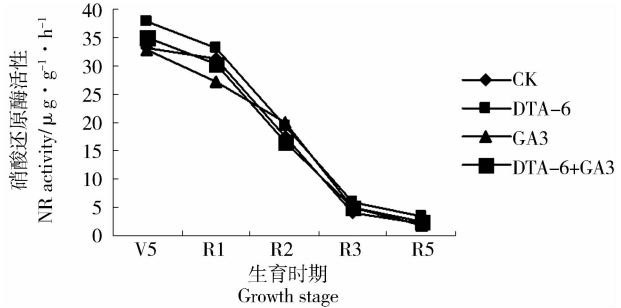
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试验所选调节剂的组合在根系氮代谢相关指标中,都表现出不同的调控效果。试验可以进一步选用不同的调节剂,不同的组合,不同的施用方式来研究不同植物生长调节剂调控作用的差异性。

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